### SITUATION IN SAMOA

Constant Contests Between Forces of of the Rival Kings.

HEAVY LOSSES IN RECENT FIGHT

More Details of the Death of White Officers.

BEHEADED WHILE ALIVE

AUCKLAND, N. Z., April 27.-Particulars of the fighting in Samoa, contained in the advices received here from Apla under date of April 18, show that the battle between the friendly natives and the rebels took place at Vailelo, and that the latter lost one hundred men in killed and

Further details of the deaths of Ensign J. S. Monaghan of the United States cruiser Philadelphia, and Lieut. P. V. Lansdale of the same vessel, have been re-They show that Monaghan was beheaded before he was dead. A deserter from the Mataafan forces says Monaghan and Lansdale were retreating when the were discovered by a chief and his wife who were looking for dead men. They gave the alarm and Monaghan was shot while the anima and Monagnah was shot white continuing the retreat. Later, it appears the rebels returned and killed Lansdale. Monagnah fought until he was wounded and he was then beheaded. The doctor's examination of the remains confirms the statements made.

#### Said 100 British Were Killed. Suatele, the principal rebel chief, ran away and told his people a hundred British

had been killed. Mataafa deserters assert that the Germans sent cartridges in bags of rice and

sugar along the coast in December. Admiral Kautz, it is asserted in the advices received, fired a blank shot on April 8 across the bows of a German schooner which was leaving Apia without reporting. The rebels who were in possession of the late Robert L. Stevenson's house and some forts were attacked in the rear by some Tamasese friendlies, who killed three of them and wounded others. One friendly native was killed in the fight.

Apia, the sailors being compelled to sleep four nights in the wet trenches. The friendly natives, under the command of Lieut. R. A. Gaunt of the British thirdclass cruiser Porpoise, were attacked on April 12 from the French mission station at Fallta. One of his men was wounded. The Falita. One of his men was wounded. The rebels were eventually routed with the loss of four men killed.

Frightful weather has been prevailing at

#### Tamasese Lines Extended.

The Tamasese lines were extended or April 13 to the Vailele battlefield. Mataafa attacked the friendlies and Gaunt's brigade joined in the engagement and fought well. Four bodies of slain rebels were recovered. The others were dragged away. One friendly was killed and beheaded and one was wounded. The rebels had a German flag flying from their forts. About 2,000 women children have sought refuge at the alt station of the London Missionary The rebels are seizing the traders' rifles

cartridges and stores, and the traders are fleeing to Apia. Business is at a standstill and a strong land force is urgently needed. Von Buelow, formerly a lieutenant in the German army and the man who organized the forces of Mataafa here, armed with a sword, gun and cartridges, proceeded to Savan (Savail?) with thirteen boats and 400 rebels, and the German warship Falke salled on a secret mission with Herr Rose the German consul, on board. Captain Les Stuart, commander of the British third-class cruiser Tauranga, in the abs airal Kautz, who was coaling the Philadelphia at Pange-Pango, wrote to the German consul, urging him to secure Von Buelow, and the next day the Falke reurned with Von Buelow on boars offer of New Zealand to send troops

### Samoa caused enthusiasm at Apia. Favor Annexation.

The inhabitants are almost unanimous in the belief that the treaty is a failure, and there is a strong feeling in favor of annex Prominent American citizens and British subjects say German annexation is preferable to the triple control, and that inless Mataafa is subdued another war is ievitable within a year. The British third-class cruiser Porpoise is

still engaged in punitive cruises.
On April La battle was fought at Mangia, fifteen miles eastward of Apia. About two thousand rebels attacked a Gaunt not fire, and retreated to the shelving beach, where they defended themselves oravely for a time, and afterward swam off to their boats under a heavy fire. Chief Muliangi, with twelve friendly na-

ives, refused to retire and charged into a burning village, driving a number of rebels before them with splendid, reckless brav-ery. Gaunt's party then returned to the assistance of the friendlies and the whole

### ADVICES FROM KAUTZ.

says That He is Merely Sustaining Decision of the Chief Justice. The following cable message from Rear

Admiral Kautz at Samoa was made public at the Navy Department today: AUCKLAND, April 27, 1899.

APIA, April 13, 1869. Secretary of the Navy, Washington: The

eccept of telegrams of March 21 and April is acknowledged. Coal cannot be obtained it Apia. Must be ordered from Auckland. Everything is quiet at Apia. I am not ggressive on Mataufa rebels, but I am rotecting the United States consulate, the Cnited States property and the Samoan covernment, as established by the decision of the chief justice of the supreme court. (Signed)

The Navy Department has already anticipated Admiral Kautz's desires in the mater of coal, and a large supply of that useful commodity is now on its way to Samoa Admiral Kautz has been notified of the appointment of the joint Samoan commis tion, and instructed to maintain the status juo in Samoa until the commissioners artive at Apia and assume supreme control

### PENSION FRAUDS.

harges Made by Officials of the

Bureau. Abraham Ackerman, a notary public, loated at No. 10 East 14th street, New York ity, was arrested on the 24th instant, sarged with having postdated certain penon vouchers and executed them without te pensioners having appeared before him nd being sworn, as required by law.

Albert E. Philippy, a notary public, lo sted at No. 85 Charlton street, New York ty, was arrested on the 24th instant, parged with having executed certain penon vouchers without the pensioners havig appeared before him and being sworn

coording to law. George W. Brown, a notary public, lo-ated at No. 31 Nassau street, New York ity, was arrested on the 25th instant, harged with having postdated and exeuted a number of pension vouchers with

at requiring the pensioners to appear be-re him and be sworn. Mary A. Burrows was arrested at Oxford ornace, N. J., on the 24th instant, charged ith having drawn pension as the widow John S. Kierstead, after her remarriage Charles Burrows, which occurred May 1, 1895. She was brought before United ates Commissioner John Whitehead of

'ewark, N. J., and committed to fail in de-cult of a bond of \$2,500. Elizabeth Foster, a sister of Mary A. urrows, was arrested at Newark, N. J., the 25th instant, charged with having led and abetted her sister by making th as a witness to the pensioner's quar-rly vouchers that Mary A. Klerstead had t remarried since the soldier's death.

was held by the United States comissioner under a bond of \$2,500 for hear-

### HER FATE IN JURY'S HANDS. Case of Mrs. George Turned Over a

Noon Today. CANTON, Ohio, April 27 .- What was expected to be the last day of the trial of Mrs. George for the murder of George D. Saxton began with a resumption by Prose cuting Attorney Pomerene of his closing arguments for the prosecution. He continued a review of the testimony, first paying attention to the time of various incidents and the alibi attempted on behalf of he accused.

He said no man is all bad, and that many have reason to remember George D. Saxton for his good qualities, for his charity and his bounty. He declared that no one can over the failure to hear from Gen. Otis tovirtuous and upright woman.

Mr. Pomerene concluded his argument and submitted his case to the jury at 11:30

The judge immediately began his charge to the jury.

The judge finished his charge to the jury at 12 o'clock, and the jury immediately retired to the jury room.

The judge, in his charge, said if one of the jurors had a doubt as to Mrs. George's guilt that jurcr should vote to acquit her.

### SCHLEY AND WHEELER.

They Will Attend Grant Banquet at Pittsburg Tonight.

PITTSBURG, Pa., April 27.-Admiral W. S. Schley and General Joseph Wheeler, who are to speak at the Grant banquet of the Americus Club tonight, arrived this morning, and, despite the early hour, the distinguished guests were greeted at the station by a crowd of several hundred. After breakfast at the Hotel Schenley, the party, which had been augmented by the arrival of Col. A. K. McClure of Philadelphia and General W. J. Hulings of Oil City, visited the armor plate plant at Homestead and the Firth-Sterling Projectile Company at In the afternoon a public reception was held at the Americus Club house.

### SURVIVORS OF SULTANA DISASTER.

Annual Meeting in Cleveland, at Which 100 Were Present. CLEVELAND, Ohio, April 27.-Nearly 100 survivors of the Sultana disaster gathered here in annual convention today, the occasion being the thirty-fifth anniversary

The session today was largely devoted to addresses and reports of officers. Each year shows a marked decrease in the membership from death, and the past year has been no exception in this re-

The Sultana was a Mississippi river boat, On April 27, 1864, she was working her way up the river when a terrible explosion oc curred. In the ensuing half hour hundreds of lives were lost. The disaster was con-sidered one of the most appalling of the civil war. The Sultana was loaded down

### RACE QUESTION COMES UP.

Awkward Feature in the International Sunday School Convention.

ATLANTA, Ga., April 27.-The race question was a disturbing feature of the morning session of the international Sunday school convention. It made its appearance in two ways-the endeavor of Georgia and South Carolina negroes to place colored men on the committee on nominations with the whites, and by reason of the fact that the convention in permitting negro delegates to be seated with the whites is violating not only a city ordinance, but a state law which requires that the whites and blacks be separated in all public gatherings.

The police called the attention of Col.

Asa G. Candler, chairman of the enter-tainment committee, to the matter, but af-ter a discussion it was decided to let the delegates sit as they wished.

#### SOUTHERN LYNCHINGS DENOUNCED. Action Taken at Jersey City A. M. E. Conference.

NEW YORK, April 27.-The African hodist Episcopal conference, in session at Jersey City today, adopted resolutions denunciatory of the lynchings in the south. declaring that mob violence was entirely out of harmony with human reason, and that instincts of the lynchers were below animals of the lowest type.

The address of Bishop Alexander Walters resterday against synching was indersed as the sentiment of the New Jersey conference. The conference calls upon the white people of the south, who favor honor, law, order and good government, to assert their influence in the salvation of their own honor in the eyes of the civilized people of the world, by doing all they can to put a

stop to lynchings. The conference put itself on record as being against all crime, and expressed gratification at the triumph of the American arms war with Spain, as it means advanced civilization. The conference expressed regret at the loss of life in the Philippines. held that the United States should show its supremacy.

### Naval Orders.

Rear Admiral H. Erben, retired, has been given permission to leave the United States for six months.

Lieut. George Blockinger has been ached from the Charleston and ordered to command such vessel as he may be assigned to by the commander-in-chief of the Asiatic station.

Lieut, J. A. Shearman has been detached Lieut J. A. Snearman has been detached from the Vermont and ordered to the Gla-cier for passage to the Asiatic station. Lieuts, E. F. Cooper and W. H. Faust, from the Naval Academy to the Mononga-Assistant Paymaster C. R. Wood has been

honorably discharged.

#### Local Pensions Issued. Pensions were issued today to the follow-

ing residents of the District of Columbia: Henry Hanlon, increase \$6 to \$8; Mazie V. Sullivan, \$12; Henry McConvey, increase \$8 to \$12; John H. Langley, increase \$6 to \$8; Valentine Smuck, increase \$6 to \$10; Victor Goyer, increase \$24 to \$30.

Tornado in Iowa. OMAHA, Neb., April 27.-A tornado is reported twenty miles east of Onawa, Iowa. Three people reported killed and great lamage to property.

### Success of Eucaine.

From the New York Herald. Great interest is being taken by physicians in the successful use of "eucaine," a new anaesthetic, in an operation performed in Bellevue Hospital, New York, on Wednesday. Not only was the new drug used with entire satisfaction in a serious operation, but the success of the experiment is full of promise for the future usefulness of this new drug.

Because of the age of the patient and the nature of the experiment fear was felt that to use the cocaine might be dangerous to a degree. It was decided, therefore, to try eucaine, and the test was so successful that the patient retained full consciousness during an operation that lasted an hour and in which he often talked with the doctors

as he watched them at work.

Dr. C. E. Pierce, one of the physicians who assisted in the operation, said that the new anaesthetic was used in this case be-cause it would reduce the danger of poison to a minimum. He explained that co-caine usually was used for operations on the hand, arm, foot or other parts of the body where measures could be taken to prevent the drug from getting into the patient's system. But its use for operations on the trunk of the body, he added, had been little attempted because of this danger. Eucaine, Dr. Pierce said, seemed to be much better adapted for this important line of work, as it reduced the danger

#### An Admonition to Advertisers. from the Norfolk Virginian-Pilot.

An advertisement looks as well in onseen in another; in one it tanks, in another it is dumb; and while in one it meets and greets everybody, in another it sadly "Wastes its sweetness on the desert air." another; in one it talks, in another

NO ADVICES FROM OTIS

Fear Expressed That He May Have Had a Setback.

No Doubt at the Department as to His Ability to Effect the Capture of Calumpit.

There is suppressed feeling of disappointment at the War and Navy Departments say George D. Saxton had ever insulted a day regarding the operations around Calumpit, and the fear is expressed that he may have met a setback which has so far prevented the capture of Calumpit, to say nothing of the capture of the insurgent

army. The resistance offered by the insurgents is more effective than at any previous period in the Philippine campaign and shows that the rebels are on a better military footing than ever before.

It is possible, however, that Aguinaldo has decided to make his last stand at Calumpit, and if it is ineffective, to practically abandon the conflict and endeavor to make favorable terms for surrender to the Americans.

No doubt is felt as to the ability of Gen. Otis to effect the capture of Calumpit, but whether by so doing he will destroy the insurgent army is a matter of some doubt. The movements of Gen. Lawton's division are still undetermined. Much of the success of the present campaign will depend upon his arrival on the north of Calumpit in time to cut off the retreat of the insurgent army.

If that is not accomplished the capture of Calumpit may be as fruitless in results as was the capture of Pelo, where similar tactics were pursued.

### ON NAVAL RETIRING BOARD.

Rear Admiral Schley Will Relieve Rear Admiral Howell.

Orders were issued today affecting several officers of high rank in the navy. Rear Admiral W. S. Schley has been re lieved from duty as a member of the naval examining board and ordered to duty as senior member of the naval retiring board, relieving Rear Admiral J. A. Howell, who is

placed on waiting orders. Captain F. A. Cook has been relieved from command of the Brooklyn and ordered to this city as a member of the naval examining board and the naval retiring board. Commander William M. Mead, formerly in command of the Marblehead, has been ordered to command the Brooklyn.

Pay Inspector E. Bellows has been order-

ed to Washington for examination for pro-

Lieutenant J. A. Shearman has been detached from the bureau of equipment and ordered to the Vermont.

Lieutenant F. Swift, to the Pensacola. Assistant Engineers W. E. Dickey, G. B. Massey and L. D. Fisher have been detach-

#### ed from the Buffalo and ordered home. DAUGHTERS OF THE KING.

Third Annual Convention for the Diocese of Washington.

The third annual convention of the Daughters of the King of the Diocese of Maryland began this morning in the parish hall of Christ's Church, Navy Yard, G street between 6th and 7th streets southeast. Bishop Satterlee administered holy communion at 9 o'clock, after which a brief but elequent sermon was preached by Rev. A. S. Johns, rector of the parish.

There was a large attendance of delegates from the various chapters of the order, and much interest was shown in the exchanges. of notes regarding the work in the various parishes. The business session was called to order shortly after 10 o'clock by the president, Mrs. W. G. Davenport, and many matters relating to the details of the work were considered. Recess was taken at 12:30,

The convention met again at 1:30 o'clock and received the reports of the officers, Mrs. W. G. Davenport, president; Mrs. A. R. Stuart, first vice president; Mrs. C. E. Burck, second vice president:

All these reports were very gratifying. showing a large increase in the good work of the organization as well as in the growth of its membership.

The remainder of the afternoon session

devoted to the election of officers, the reports of chapters, consultations on methods, five-minute papers by members evening services, beginning at 8 o'clock with prayer, followed by addresses by Rev. H. S. Smith, on the Relation of the Order to the Parish; Rev. J. B. Perry, on Prayer of the Order; by Rev. W. G. Davenport, on Personal Work, and by Rev. H. F. Saumenig.

### TAMMANY WANTS CAMPBELL.

New York Organization Mixes Up in Ohio Politics.

Special Dispatch to The Evening Star. CLEVELAND, Ohio, April 27.-It is an nounced that ex-Gov. Campbell has been urged by Tammany leaders to make the race for governor of Ohio, and that he has about decided to try for the honor. The Tammany request carries with it a pledge for support of eastern democrats for the presidential nomination. Mr.

### free silver was not the main issue. MANHATTAN'S STRUCTURE UNSAFE.

Findings of Civil Engineers Ap-

pointed to Make Examination. NEW YORK, April 27 .- President Murphy of the board of health today made public the findings of the civil engineers of his department who have been examining the structure of the Manhattan Elevated Railway Company. The report alleges that "defects of a serious nature exist in both the material and in the construction of the structure, and that because of these conditions an element of insecurity is introduced This refers to an examination of the 9th

### Richer Copper Ledges Found. SAN FRANCISCO, April 27.-- A special

avenue line from the Battery to 14th street,

from Tacoma, Wash., says: It is reported that the largest copper ledges ever discovered in the west have been found in the Carbon district north of Mount Ranier and sixty miles east of this city. The ore is said to be similar in character and geological situation to that found in Montana an to be fully as rich as that of the Butte

# Horse Shoe Manufacturers' Trust.

this country, originating in Boston, is in process of formation. At a recent meeting of capitalists and prominent manufacturers held here the plan took definite shape. The capital stock of the company has been fixed at \$7,000,000 and a number of the most minent manufacturers are expected to prominent manufacturers are experience form the nucleus of the organization.

#### Swine in Egypt. In reply to an Illinois correspondent (to

whom the letter has been forwarded) Consul General Harrison writes to the State Department from Cairo, under date of March 4: "Egypt being a Musselman country, the

breeding of pigs is not an extensive industry. Pigs are raised chiefly by the Copts (Christians) of Upper Egypt, and are bought by Greek and German butchers for sale in the large towns where Europeans reside. Besides the native variety, a breed is imported from Maita. The native pig fattens with difficulty and rarely weighs over 250 pounds dead weight. Butchers pay 12% cents per oke (2% pounds) live weight for young pigs. The animals are fed on maize, beans, clover and kitchen waste."

JUSTICE FIELD'S WILL.

Last Wishes of Histinguished Jurist Filed for Probate.

The will of the late Stephen J. Field, formerly associate justice of the Supreme Court of the United States, was filed this afternoon for probate. The will is dated May 25, 1897; the signature was witnessed by Irwin B. Linton, Augusta L. Wilke and Arthur A. Thomas, all of this city. The wife of the testator, Sue Virginia Field, and his sister-in-law, Harah S. Condit-Smith, are named executrices.

The house and lot owned by Justice Field on Capitol Hill, and most of the furniture and personal property, are bequeathed to his wife. Bequests of paintings, books and the like are made to Mrs. Emilia F. Ashburne of San Francisco, Cal., a niece to David J. Brewer of the Supreme Court of the United States, a nephew; to Stephen Field Christy, a grandnephew, and to David Dudley Field, a grandnephew of the testator. To William Joice, who was messenger to Justice Field for twenty-five years, \$500 is left.

A provision of the will is to the effect that should the death of Mrs. Field have occurred prior to that of the testator, two-thirds of the property devised to her should be turned over to Mrs. Sarah S. Condit-Smith for life, and after her death to her sister, Mrs. Mary Lewis Whitney, and her heirs; the remaining one-third to Charlotte Anita Whitney, a niece of Justice Field.

The will of the late Susan H. Beams, dated February 4, 1897, was also filed this afternoon for propers. One hundred dailars

ofternoon for probate. One hundred dollars is left to Zeda Dyson; one-half of the personal estate of the testatrix to the Colored Widows' Home, the remaining one-half to St. Augustine's Roman Catholic Church; one-half of her real estate to a sister, Mary Jane Simms, and the other one-half to Catherine Quinn and Eva Simms.

### CITY AND SUBURBAN ROAD.

Cars Will Be Running Next Month on the Entire System.

Such progress is being made with the reequipment of the City and Suburban street railroad that it is expected, barring accidents, the entire road will be in operation by the 20th of next month. The first part of next week the iron for the underground section of the road from Florida avenue through Eckington will, it is expected, be delivered on the ground, and if that is the case this section will be finished in about

It will be recalled that Congress did not authorize the extension of the underground system from Florida avenue through Eckington until the closing days of the last session, and, in consequence, the order for the iron work could not be placed with the iron manufacturers until after Congress adjourned. As stated, this material is ex-pected to be delivered in this city early next week, and then work will be begun. It is the intention to run the cars out 4th street, as at present, to the Catholic University and to Brookland. When the route out North Capitol street and Nebraska avenue is finished, which will not be for some time, the question may be considered of running the Brookland cars by the present route or by North Capitol street and Nebraska avenue. Nebraska avenue. SET It is expected by the 10th of next month cars will be running from G and 15th streets northwest to 15th and D streets northeast, which is known as the east and west line. Ten days later, if present calculations do not miscarry, the entire road will be in operation.

### will be in operation. CARRIED A DISTRICT SOLDIER. The Transport Crook Brought Dead

Body From Caba.

On the transport Crook, the funeral ship of the War Department, which arrived in New York yesterday from Cuba, was the body of a member of the 1st District Regiment. While the identity of the body is not known at the department or at the headquarters of the District militia, it is believed to be that of First Lieut. Richard J. Harden of the Emmet Guards, who died at Siboney shortly after the District men reached Cuban soil. The only other District soldier left buried in Cuba was Private Poor of Company K. At the War Depart-The department has decided that without exception the boiles brought from Cuba shall be buried in the national cemetery at Arlington. They will be brought to this city probably Saturday, but the funeral ceremonies will not take place until next week, the day yet to be fixed. The entire District National Guard will turn out to honor the District soldier, as well as the dead of the country as a whole. A repetition of the recent impressive services in the

historic necropolis is expected.

The Crook brought ninety-eight bodies from Porto Rico, 246 from Santiago and twelve from Guantanamo, among the latter being those of Surgeon Gibbs and four members of the marine corps, killed during the first attack of the Spaniards. Of th unteer dead, seventeen came from Michigan, forty-two from Illinois, ten from Kansas, eleven from Ohio, six from Pennsylvanla, six from Massachusetts, four from Kentucky and one from the District of Co-

### Additional Case of Smallpox.

One case of smallpox was reported here oday, the afflicted person being Margaret Herbert, white, eight years of age, residing at 1234 I street. This is the house from which a white boy suffering from the disease was removed to the hospital several days ago, and it is supposed that the chilwas removed to the hospital. One death that if elected he may count on Tammany reported to the District health officer to-

For Specific Performance. A bill in equity to have the court direct the specific performance of an agreement to have certain property known as 117 11th street northeast conveyed to the complainant was filed this afternoon by Mary E. Moss against Catherine Chevaller and Elizabeth Dunn. The property was left by the will of the late John Maguire, and a misunderstanding, it seems, exists as to its

### Claims Damages.

Hearing was begun this afternoon before Justice Hagner and a jury, in Circuit Court No. 2, of the suit at law instituted by Thomas J. Fritz against the Metropolitan and the safety of this portion of the struc- Railroad Company, to recover damages in the sum of \$1,000. Fritz, an ambulance driver, claims to have been injured during November, 1896, by being struck by a car of the defendant company.

#### Taking of Testimony Concluded. The introduction of testimony in the case of Campbell F. Cibson, on trial for forging money orders, in Criminal Court No. 2, was concluded late this afternoon, and counsel

then began their summing up before the

jury.

proximo.

Secretary Alger's Western Trip. Secretary Alger, accompanied by Maj. Hopkins, his military secretary, and Mr. BOSTON, April 27 .- A combination to Victor L. Mason, his private secretary, will ontrol the manufacture of horseshoes in leave here tomorrow (evening for Detroit, where they will attende banquet given by the national convention of the Sons of the American Revolution next Tuesday evening. Maj. Gen. Merritt and Brig. Gen. Maj. Gen. Merritt and Brig. Gen. Wheeler will also attend the banquet. On the following day Secretary Aiger will be the guest of the Michigan legislature at Lansing. On the 5th promise he will visit Chicago as the guest of his daughter, Mrs. Pike, and while in that city will confer with the municipal authorities in regard to the construction of the Chicago Archiver. the construction of the Chicago drainage canal. It is expected the Secretary's party will return to this city by Monday, the 8th

### Coming With the 9th Immunes. The transport Meade has sailed from Santiago with the 9th Regiment of Volunteers (immunes). They will go to New York and thence to Camp Meade for muster out.

Chicago Team Going to Philadelphia. CHICAGO, April 27.-The University of Chicago relay team will leave tonight for Philadelphia, where, on Saturday, it will strive for the intercollegiate relay championship banner in the mile relay race, in which are entered besides the maroons, teams from Yale, Cornell and Pennsylvania.

MILK SUPPLY AND DISEASE

A Local Effort to Raise the Standard and Reduce the Danger.

Conclusions of a Committee of the Washington Medical Society After a Series of Tests.

One of the most marked results of modern bacteriological study in its relation to the people's food supply is a tendency on the part of municipal authorities and medical organizations to demand a purification of the milk supplies. It is now widely recognized that this community presents very many opportunities for the transmission of lisease. Several of the most common epidemic diseases are positively known to be communicable through milk, including scarlet fever, typhoid fever and diphtheria. As a consequence of this disclosure medical authorities have reached the point of demanding that municipal action be had to insure petter dairy conditions, thus striking at the root of the evil. It is believed that by requiring cleanliness and care in the handling of cows and their product at all stages of the transaction the danger of disease communication through this medium will be

educed to a minimum. The Washington Medical Society has been particularly active in this research. Realizing the relation of purity in the milk supply to the public health and having had ts attention called to the local desire for oure milk, it appointed a committee of hree physicians, Drs. Adams, Kober and De Schweinitz, to inquire into the processes and the products of a selected dairy which was to be conducted under the closest scrutiny of these physicians, using all means suggested by medical science to assure pur ity in the milk. This committee was named in December, 1897, and has been at work m December, 1897, and has been at work since that date, with the result that at a recent meeting of the society a report was presented by Dr. De Schweinitz showing the generally satisfactory results of the

#### tests applied. A Bacteriological Census.

The product of this dairy was of two kinds, "pasteurized" and "sanitary." The latter was collected from carefully chosen sources and guarded with every possible precaution to keep the dangers of contamnation at a minimum. The former was subjected to the well-known scientific treatment. According to the report the number of bacteria per cubic centimenter in the pasteurized milk was found as a rule to be ess than 200. In some cases no bacteria could be detected. In four instances the number increased to over 5,000. The showing as to the "sanitary" milk was not so favorable as might have been expected. In 113 samples examined—these having been procured surreptitiously without notice to the dairy company—the number of bacterial colonies varied in a majority of cases from 200 to 5,000. Three samples showed over 50,000 colonies to the cubic centimeter, three others over 20,000 and less than 50,000, one over 15,000 and less than 20,000, two others obver 10,000 and less than 15,000, two others over 5,000 and less than 10,000. Dr. de Schweinitz, in his report for the

committee to the society, says further:
"In April and May, 1898, I obtained, through the health officer, Dr. Woodward, through the health officer, Dr. Woodward, and in January, 1899, through one of the health office inspectors, Dr. Turner, samples of milk taken from different dairy wagons in the city. Thirty-one different samples of milk were examined. Of these one showed only about 4,000 bacteria per cubic centimeter; five others, between 10,000 and 50,000 erg by between 20,000 and 50,000 per cubic centimeters. timeter; five others, between 10,000 and 15,000; six between 30,000 and 50,000 per cubic centimeter, and the remainder more than 50,000 per cubic centimeter, in severa instances running over 150,000 per cubic

centimeter. Millions of Colonies. "When we consider that, in the milk supply of our large cities the number of bacteria per cubic centimeter has been found to vary from 30,000 to \$5,000,000, and has often been found as high as the number of bacteria in the sewage of several towns, namely, between one and four million per public centimeter, the value of the number of bacteria per cubic centimeter of milk as indicating the care which has been used in collecting and handling the milk is at once apparent. One of the German authorities on the subject of sanitary milk, Bitter, claims that the maximum limit for milk that is fit for food is 50,000 germs per cubic centimeter. On this basis, the milk from only thirteen out of thirty-two dairies which has been examined in this city would be fit for food. The results of the examnations which we have made show that it inations which we have made show that it is possible to keep the bacterial content down below 50,000 per cubic centimeter, and it would not be expecting too much to demand that no milk should be sold if it was

#### found to contain more than this number. Generally Good Conditions. After reviewing the sanitary regulations in vogue in some of the largest citles of the old world affecting the milk supply the re port concludes thus, in reference to the work of the dairy establishment under

scrutiny:

"We may say in general that the larger number of samples examined have shown very satisfactory results. Eighteen samples during the year from time to time indicated carelessness. When properly handled the milk from this laboratory appeared to contain a smaller number of bacteria per cubic centimeter than most of the milk that we have examined from other dairies "It is interesting to note that in some cases where the temperature, as recorded at the weather bureau in this city, was high the number of bacteria found in the milk was still low, while in other cases where the temperature was lower the num ber of bacteria found in the milk was higher than it should have been. The average number of bacteria per cubic centimeter found in the samples of sanitary milk (k-amined between January 1, 1898, and February 1, 1899, was 6,485. The average number of bacteria per cubic centimeter in the samples of pasteurized milk examined dur-ing the same time was 324. The total number of sanitary samples examined was 113; the total number of pasteurized samples examined was 82. The total number of samamilied was 32. The class state of the ples examined from other dairies was 31, and the average number of bacteria per cubic centimeter in these was found to be 52,000. In all these examinations agar plates were used and the colonies counted

after forty-eight hours."

It is of benefit to Washington that the medical society is taking such a direct interest in this matter and that the result of its supervision thus far has been so favorable. The standard of purity and clean liness having thus been raised in a single instance it is not too much to expect that under the influence of a scientific scrutiny and perhaps of municipal regulations th general dairy conditions through the local area will be materially bettered, to the in finite benefit of the public health.

### Stop the Scorcher.

From the Cleveland Plain Dealer. Already the scorcher has appeared in the land. The news columns are beginning to tell the story of his malevolence. Day after day some accident or other happens, destrians are run down and bruised. scorcher of little conscience goes on and leaves his victim. The scorcher is a men-ace not alone to the pedestrian, but to decent bicyclists as well. He seems to be utterly regardless of his own safety or of the safety of other persons. He is the terror of the highways. The police cannot too rigorously enforce the ordinance against scorching. Every effort should be made to apprehend the scorcher and when he is caught be severely fined in police court.

### A Shabby Pretence.

From the Bostop Journal. There is no shabbler pretence of honoring the patriots of a century ago than to sneer at the patriots of our own time. Some newspapers will uncover that sneer today just as thirty-five years ago there were newspapers which derided Lincoln and Grant as mean and unworthy successors o the early heroes and statesmen.

Capt. Coghlan Must Be Careful, From the New York Mail and Express. Capt. Coghlan of the Raleigh says that Aguinaldo is an ignerant half-breed and no

half as capable as he is represented—but the captain must not talk in that way when he goes to Poston. If he does, the tender-hearted "and-imperialists" of that city will hearted "anti-imperialists" of that city will probably tell him to take his old boat and

SEVERE LOSS TO SCHOOLS. Commissioner Ross' Comment o

Death of Prof. Montgomery. District Commissioner Ross, who has im mediate charge of the public schools, said | Inactivity Was the Feature in Stocks today, in speaking of the death of Supervising Principal Montgomery:

"The public school system of the District has suffered a severe loss by the decease of Supervising Principal Montgomery. While he attended closely to the duties pertaining to his office, without seeking in any way to attract public attention, his tact and abily were recognized by all the public school ficials of the District. Many of them re garded him as one of the ablest men of his race. In some appropriate way his eminent public services should be recognized."

### Army Orders.

Lieut. George R. Burnett has been relieved from duty at the Fairfield Military GENERAL MARKET REPORT Academy, New York. Acting Assistant Surgeon S. J. Meyers now at Havana, has been ordered to Savannah. Ga.

more than thirty years' service.

Capts. P. M. Lydig, commissary of subsistence, and L. D. Schattner, ist Idaho Volunteer Infantry, and Lieut. George F. Fast, 1st Wyoming Volunteer Infantry, have been honorably discharged.

The order for the discharge of Capt. John Landstreet, ir. commissary of Subsistence.

Col. William H. Powell, 9th Infantry, has

been retired, on his own application, after

Landstreet, jr., commissary of subsistence, has been amended so as to take effect J rac 12, instead of May 12.

The following named infantry officers have been ordered to Columbus barracks,

Ohio, for recruiting service: Second Lieuts. George E. Stewart, L. J. Van Schaick, Frank R. Lang, Charles E. Hay, fr., Rhinelander, Waldo, George D. Freeman, jr., Ralph McCoy, Joseph K. Partello, Walter G. Penfield, William E. Hunt, John F. James, George R. Arm-strong, Leon L. Roach and Guy Cushman. Acting Assistant Surgeon Alexander Net-telroth, now at Matanzas, has been ordered

to Fort Thomas, Ky.

Lieut. J. A. Cole, 6th Cavalry, has been ordered to recruiting duty at Chicago. Major Charles Newbold, additional pay-master, U. S. V., has been ordered to pay the troops at Fort Myer, Sheridan Point, Washington barracks and other posts in this vicinity. The resignation of Cadet Alfred Wilson,

third class, Military Academy, has been accepted by the Secretary of War.
Colonel James F. Smith, 1st California Volunteer Infantry, has been honorably dis-charged as colonel of that regiment by rea-

charged as colonel of that regiment by rea-son of his acceptance of commission of brigadier general, U. S. V.
Lieutenant C. F. Hartmann, Volunteer Signal Corps, has been assigned to duty at Puerto Principe.
Captain John E. McMahon, assistant ad-jutant general, U. S. V., has also been as-signed to duty in the department of Puerto Principe.

Principe.
Col. Charles R. Greenleaf, assistant surgeon general, has been ordered from this city to Savannah, Ga., for the purpose of superintending the sanitation of the mili-tary camps near that city. On completion of that duty he will return to his proper station in this city. Lieut. Col. S. P. Jocelyn, 25th Infantry, has been ordered to visit Augusta and Sa vannah, Ga., on business connected with the muster out of volunteer troops. Maj. E. Van Andrews, 4th Artillery, has

been relieved from duty as chief muster-ing officer at Columbia, S. C., and ordered

to report to the commanding general of the Department of the East for assignment Major James B. Burbank, 5th Artillery, has been relieved from duty pertaining to the National Guard of New York state and granted three months' leave of absence Major R. E. L. Michie, assistant adju tant general, U. S. V., has been ordered to remain on duty in the departments of the province of Havana and Pinar del Rio. Major O. E. Wood, commissary of sub-sistence, U. S. V., has been assigned to duty at headquarters of the department of the province of Havana.

Acting Assistant Surgeon G. M. Bradfield,

#### now in this city, has been assigned to duty in New York.

Death of Earnest Holtzman. Mr. Earnest Holtzman died last evening at Providence Hospital from typhold fever. He had been ill but eight days, and the fatal termination of the attack was a sad surprise to a large circle of friends. The his brother, Mr. Robert O. Holtzman, Mr. the funeral services will be held. Mr. Holtzman was a member of the District bar, and this afternoon Mr. J. J. Darlington, in Equity Court No. 1, announced his leath, and the court, out of respect to his memory, adjourned for the day. He was about forty years of age and unmarried. His father died recently at an advanced age. His sister was Mrs. Byron S. Adams.

#### No Cause for Immediate Action. Frank Dixon and other residents of Seaon street, between U and V and 17th and 18th streets, recently protested to the Dis-

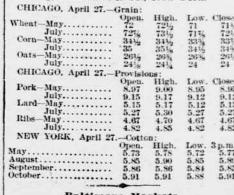
trict Commissioners against the alleged bad condition of the thoroughfare. They stated that the contractor engaged in the recon-struction of the underground electric sys-tem of the Capital Traction Company on U street is using the vacant property on the side for a dirt dump, making it higher than the street, causing ponds of water in the event of rain. The protestants have been informed by the Commissioners that within the past few days the street has length with the broken concrete base taker from the railroad. The condition of the street, it is further stated, does not show cause for immediate action. Should it de velop that stagnant water remains in the roadway, the depressions will be filled, the Commissioners promise. The contractor, is is stated is acting entirely within his

# rights in putting the material on the pri-

The musical public will find a very agreea ble ending to the musical season in the concert of the Choral Society on next Tuesday night. The society has had very great success this year at both its concerts, and will present a chorus of about 150 taking part in the concert next Tuesday. Among other selections will be given the beautiful gloria from the twelfth mass by Mozart, a composition known, not only in Catholic churches, for which it was written, but sung in almost all the other churches where any attention is given to music. The concerted numbers will be varied by solos in competent hands, and a very interesting

Grain, Provisions and Cotton Markets. Furnished by W. B. Hibbs & Co., bankers and brokers, 1419 F st., members New York stock exchange, corresp ondents Messrs. La denburg, Thalmann & Co., New York.

evening is sure to result.



## Baltimore Markets.

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Baltimore, April 27.—Flour firm, unchanged—receipts, 12,761 berrels; exports, 30 barrels; sales, 850 barrels. Waset quiet and easy—spot, the month, May, 76%a77; July, 76 asked; steamer No. 2 red, 71%a72—receipts, 22,843 bushels; exports, none; stock, 239,712 bushels; sales, 43,000 bushels—southern by sample, 71a77½; southern on grade, 72½a77½ Corn steady—spot, 39a39½; the month, 38¾a359½; May, 38½a38½; June, 38½; steamer mixed, 37½a37½—receipts, 123,621 bushels; exports, 800 bushels; stock, 444,033 bushels; sales, 25,000 bushels—southern white corn, 41½; southern yellow corn, 40a40½, Oats firm—No. 2 white, 35a359½; No. 2 mixed, 32½a33—receipts, 27,368 bushels; exports, none; stock, 154,832 bushels. Rye firmer—No. 2 nearby, 60a61; No. 2 western, 65½—receipts, 4,966 bushels; exports, none; stock, 154,832 bushels. Rye firmer—No. 2 nearby, 60a61; No. 2 western, 65½—receipts, 4,966 bushels; exports, none; stock, 164,05 bushels. Hay ensier—choice timothy, \$12.50 asked. Grain freights firm—steam to Liverpool per bushel, 1¾d. May; Cork for orders per quarter, 2s.66.a2s.3d. April. Sugar strong, unchanged. Butter—fancy credmery, 20; fancy imitation, 16a17; fancy ladde, 15; good ladde, 13a14; sfore packed, 14a12; rolls, 14a15. Eggs firm, unchanged. Cheese quiet—60. large, 11; 37, medium, 11½; 23, small, 11½. Lettuce—\$1a. \$1.25 per bushel box. Whisky active, unchanged.

SOME PROFESSIONAL TRADING DONE Fears That Banking Support May Be Withdrawn.

FINANCE AND TRADE

Today.

Special Disputch to The Evening Star. NEW YORK, April 27.-Today's stock market was similar in character to that of previous days this week, no very decided

fractionally higher, but the purchases on his side were only for moderate amounts. The stocks which enjoy the distinction of special pool support were well sustained, but no significant new developments were reported. In conservative circles there is continued faith in the stability of the main situation, but there is some inclination to

tendency being apparent. London was

proceed with unusual caution. The industrial department is mainly re-ponsible for this spirit of conservatism, as sponsible for this spirit of conservatism, as it has been held by many to be the source from which the market will eventually be forced to recede. The generalizing on this point which is indulged in is unfair to the better issues in this department, but even those with a known capacity for dividends are prevented from being evaluated on their

are prevented from being exploited on their merits.
Sentiment is optimistic, but prices are at a height which requires capital in unusual volume. It is the fear of a sudden with-drawal of banking favor which deters more

aggressive buying. The wheat situation is regarded as a much overrated evil influence, and the granger shares on merit may be relied upon to attract a fair share of any new business in the railroad department. The preferred stocks now paying divi-

dends may attract attention later on and be made features of the general market. American Steel and Wire and the Federal Steel shares have not yet reached the levels predicted for them, and something new may develop in them at any time.

Brooklyn Rapid Transit and People's Gas are being bought by Flower interests, on the prospects of some favorable develop-ments in the near future. The prediction that the latter stock will take its place among the standard dividend-paying stocks of the six per cent class has led to hope of a material advance during the summer. The copper situation continues to divert attention from the stock market. The trad ing in the various combination stocks was irregular, but the best demand came from

sources which have hitherto been correct in their estimates of the situation. Professional trading made up the bulk of the day's business and commission houses had few stocks to offer to clients except where a quick turn was all that was contemplated or actual ownership with pa-

### FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL. New York Stock Market.

tient waiting were possible.

Open, High, Low, 38 38 35 14 14 18% American Spirits. American Spirits, pfd... A.S. Wire 67 kg 98 kg 169 122 6736 9436 170 122 Am. Steel and Wire pfd American Sugar.
American Tobacco...
Atchison.
Atchison. pfd.
Atchison Adustments.
Baltimore & Onto.
Ont. & Western.
Brooklyn Ranid Transit 90% 62 83% 78 Brooklyn Rapid Transit.
Canada Southern
Central Pacine
Chesapeake & Ohio.
C., C. C. & St. Louis
Chicago, B. & Q.
Chicago & Northwestern.
Chicago Gas.
C. M. & St. Paul.
Chicago, B. I. & Pacine.
Chicago, B. I. & Pacine.
Chicago, R. I. & Pacine.
Chicago, R. I. & Pacine. 128 | 1281/2 | 1271/2 | 1271/2 | 1281/2 | 1281/2 | 1281/2 | 1281/2 | 1281/2 | 1281/2 | 1281/2 | 1281/2 | 1281/2 | 1281/2 | 1281/2 | 1281/2 | 1281/2 | 1281/2 | 1281/2 | 1281/2 | 1281/2 | 1281/2 | 1281/2 | 1281/2 | 1281/2 | 1281/2 | 1281/2 | 1281/2 | 1281/2 | 1281/2 | 1281/2 | 1281/2 | 1281/2 | 1281/2 | 1281/2 | 1281/2 | 1281/2 | 1281/2 | 1281/2 | 1281/2 | 1281/2 | 1281/2 | 1281/2 | 1281/2 | 1281/2 | 1281/2 | 1281/2 | 1281/2 | 1281/2 | 1281/2 | 1281/2 | 1281/2 | 1281/2 | 1281/2 | 1281/2 | 1281/2 | 1281/2 | 1281/2 | 1281/2 | 1281/2 | 1281/2 | 1281/2 | 1281/2 | 1281/2 | 1281/2 | 1281/2 | 1281/2 | 1281/2 | 1281/2 | 1281/2 | 1281/2 | 1281/2 | 1281/2 | 1281/2 | 1281/2 | 1281/2 | 1281/2 | 1281/2 | 1281/2 | 1281/2 | 1281/2 | 1281/2 | 1281/2 | 1281/2 | 1281/2 | 1281/2 | 1281/2 | 1281/2 | 1281/2 | 1281/2 | 1281/2 | 1281/2 | 1281/2 | 1281/2 | 1281/2 | 1281/2 | 1281/2 | 1281/2 | 1281/2 | 1281/2 | 1281/2 | 1281/2 | 1281/2 | 1281/2 | 1281/2 | 1281/2 | 1281/2 | 1281/2 | 1281/2 | 1281/2 | 1281/2 | 1281/2 | 1281/2 | 1281/2 | 1281/2 | 1281/2 | 1281/2 | 1281/2 | 1281/2 | 1281/2 | 1281/2 | 1281/2 | 1281/2 | 1281/2 | 1281/2 | 1281/2 | 1281/2 | 1281/2 | 1281/2 | 1281/2 | 1281/2 | 1281/2 | 1281/2 | 1281/2 | 1281/2 | 1281/2 | 1281/2 | 1281/2 | 1281/2 | 1281/2 | 1281/2 | 1281/2 | 1281/2 | 1281/2 | 1281/2 | 1281/2 | 1281/2 | 1281/2 | 1281/2 | 1281/2 | 1281/2 | 1281/2 | 1281/2 | 1281/2 | 1281/2 | 1281/2 | 1281/2 | 1281/2 | 1281/2 | 1281/2 | 1281/2 | 1281/2 | 1281/2 | 1281/2 | 1281/2 | 1281/2 | 1281/2 | 1281/2 | 1281/2 | 1281/2 | 1281/2 | 1281/2 | 1281/2 | 1281/2 | 1281/2 | 1281/2 | 1281/2 | 1281/2 | 1281/2 | 1281/2 | 1281/2 | 1281/2 | 1281/2 | 1281/2 | 1281/2 | 1281/2 | 1281/2 | 1281/2 | 1281/2 | 1281/2 | 1281/2 | 1281/2 | 1281/2 | 1281/2 | 1281/2 | 1281/2 | 1281/2 | 1281/2 | 1281/2 | 1281/2 | 1281/2 | 1281/2 | 1281/2 | 1281/2 | 1281/2 | 1281/2 | 1281/2 | 1281/2 | 1281/2 | 1281/2 | 1281/2 | 1281/2 | 1281/2 | 1281/2 | 1281/2 | 1281/2 | 1281/2 | 1281/2 | 1281/2 | 1281/2 | 1281/2 | 1281/2 | 1281/2 | 1281/2 | 1281/2 | 1281/2 | 1281/2 | 1281/2 Chig. & G. Western . Consol dated Gas..... Del. Lack & W 12236 Federal Steel, pfd... General Electric. Illinois Central Louisville & Nashville Metropointan Traction... Manhattan Elevated 123 kg M. K. & T., pfd..... 393 New Jersey Central.... 119% New York Central..... 52% 51% 51% 184% 22% 38% 12% Northern Pacific, pfd.... Pacific Mail.
Pennsylvania R. R.....
Phila & Reading..... Southern Pacific..... outhern Ry., pta..... Tenu. Coal & Iron..... Union Pacific. Texas Pacifi 53 116 82 Rubber, pfd... Wabash, pfd.... Western Union Ter.... Reading 2ds

# Washington Stock Exchange.

Washington Stock Exchange.

Sales-regular call—12 o'clock in.—West End National Bank, 3 at 128½, 5 at 128½, 10 at 130, 5 at 130. 5 at 130. Satlonal Safe Deposit and Trust, 40 at 133. People's Fire Insurance, 100 at 6%, 25 at 94½, 20 at 94%, 20 at 94%, 100 at 94%, 2 at 94%, 5 at 94%, 20 at 94%, 20 at 94%, 100 at 94%, 2 at 94%, 5 at 94%, 20 at 94%, 20 at 94%, 20 at 94%, 25 at 94%, 25 at 58%, 5 at 94%, 20 at 94%, 20 at 94%, 10 at 228, 3 at 228, 20 at 228. City and Saloubar Railroad, 10 at 43, 12 at 43. Washington 6as, 25 at 58%, 10 at 202%, 10 at 203%, 10 at 204, 10 at 204, 10 at 205, 10 at 205, 10 at 204, 5 at 204, 4 at 204, 10 at 205, 10 at 205%, 10 at 205%, 10 at 204, 10 at 205, 10 at 205, 10 at 205, 10 at 205, 10 at 206, 10 at 20, 100 at 13%, 100 at 20, 100 a U. S.E lectric Light cert, indebt, 68, 117½ bld, 129 asked. Chesapeake and Potomac Telephone 58, 163 bld. American Security and Trust 48, 100 bld. Washington Market Company 1st 68, 108 bld. Washington Market Company imp. 68, 108 bld. Washington Market Company ext. 68, 108 bld. Masonication 58, 108 bld. American Graphophone deb. 58, 102 bld.

National Bank Stocks.—Bank of Washington 350 bld. Mctropolitian, 459 bld. Ceptral, 190 bld. Farmers and Mechanics', 290 bld. Second, 156 bld. Citizens', 169 bld. Columbia, 157 bld. 169 asked. Capital, 130 bld. West End. 129 bld. 132 asked. Traders, 120 bld. 124 asked. Lincoln, 129 bld, 131% asked.

Traders, 120 bid, 124 asked. Lincoln, 129 bid, 131½ asked.

Safe Deposit and Trust Companies.—National Safe Deposit and Trust, x133 bid. Washington Loan and Trust, x157 bid. American Security and Trust, 200 bid. Washington Safe Deposit, 60 bid. Insurance Stocks.—Firemen's, 33 bid. Franklin, x47 bid. 50½ asked. Metropolitan, 80 bid. Corcoran, 60 bid. Potomac, 70 bid. Arlington, 150 bid., 160 asked. German-American, 210 bid. National Union, 12½ bid, 13 asked. Columbia, x14% bid, 15 asked. Lincoln, 11½ bid. Commercial, 4½ bid, 5 asked. Lincoln, 11½ bid. Commercial, 4½ bid, 5 asked.

Washington Title, 1½ bid. District Title, 3 bid, 4 asked.
Rallroad Stocks.—Capital Traction, 94½ bid, 94½ asked. Metropolitan, 228 bid, 228½ asked. Metropolitan Trust Reccipts, 228 bid, 228½ asked. Columbia, 148½ bid. Columbia Trust Reccipts, 148½ bid, 23 asked. Georgetown and Tenleytown, 18 bid.
Gas and Electric Light Stocks.—Washington Gas, 58¾ bid, 58% asked. Georgetown Gas, 58¾ bid, 58% asked. Georgetown Gas, 56 bid. U. S. Electric Light, 150½ bid.
Telephone Stocks.—Chesapeake and Potomac, x76 bid, 80 asked. Pennsylvania, 40 bid.
Miscellaneous Stocks.—Mergenthaler Limotype, 206 bid, 207½ asked. Lanston Monotyne, 20 bid. 20½ asked. American Graphophone, 13½ bid, 13½ asked. Facumntic Gun Carriage, 30 bid. 41 asked. Great Falls lee, 145 bid, 100 asked. Norfolk and Washington Steamboat, 110 bid. xEx dividend.

Gen. Miles Goes to Philadelphia. Gen. Miles has gone to Philadelphia to take part in the Grant monument celebra-